



# What you need to know about the new VAT on digital services law (Republic Act 12023)







## Digital Services Covered

Any service that is supplied over the internet and where the supply of the service is essentially automated, such as:



Online search engines



Online media and advertising



Online marketplaces or e-marketplaces



**Online platforms** 



**Cloud Services** 



**Digital goods** 







### VAT obligations of a Non-resident Digital Service Provider (DSP) and its customers

Non-resident DSP

VAT-registered

**Not VAT-registered** 

Online marketplace / e-marketplace Customer

**VAT-registered** 

Customer will withhold VAT

Customer will withhold VAT

**Not VAT-registered** 

Non-resident DSP will assess, collect and remit VAT

> Customer will withhold VAT

Non-resident DSP will remit VAT on the transactions of non-resident sellers that go through its platform under certain conditions











#### VAT Registration

Non-resident DSPs are required to register for VAT with the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) if their gross sales exceed Php3M. The BIR will establish a Simplified Automated Registration System for this purpose.



#### Penalty

If a DSP fails to register for VAT, the BIR Commissioner can block the digital services of a DSP with the help of the Department of Information and Communications Technology (DICT) and the National Telecommunications Commission (NTC).



#### Effectivity

Non-resident DSPs will be immediately subject to VAT after 120 days from the effectivity of the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) which should be issued within 90 days from the law's effectivity.

