



# AI Quarterly Pulse Survey Q1 2026

March 2026



# Executive summary

## Investment projections nearly double year-over-year

Capital continues to flow into AI, with organizations projecting average AI spending of \$207 million over the next 12 months, nearly double figures from the same period last year. AI's potential value is no longer in question. However, realizing that value depends on how effectively and securely organizations can reengineer work at enterprise scale.

## AI agent deployment reaches new levels

Today, more than half of organizations are actively deploying AI agents. As AI agents move deeper into day-to-day operations, their most immediate impact is how work gets coordinated across the enterprise.

AI agents are facilitating collaboration across functions by automating workflows, routing information and supporting joint decision-making.

## The great skills reset

AI agents deliver the most value when people remain firmly in the lead, setting intent, exercising judgment and retaining accountability. Employee response is beginning to align, with more than half reporting some level of adoption or integration of AI agents.

Resistance is driven primarily by skills gaps and concerns about job security.

## Governance is a prerequisite for scale

The vast majority of leaders say data security, privacy and risk considerations will influence their AI strategies over the next six months.

AI agent deployment is also bringing questions of trust, control and accountability to the forefront – most organizations now require human validation of AI agent outputs.

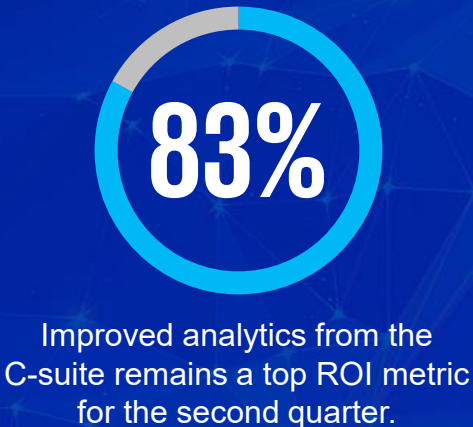
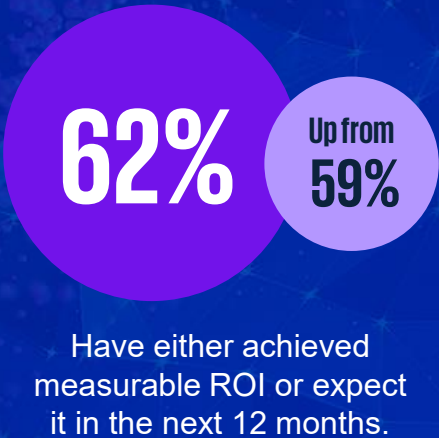
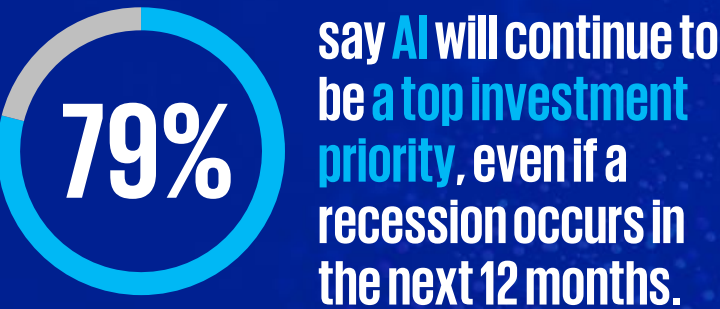
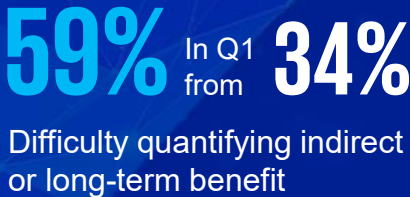
# ROI and investment



Top investment categories between \$10 to \$49 million include:

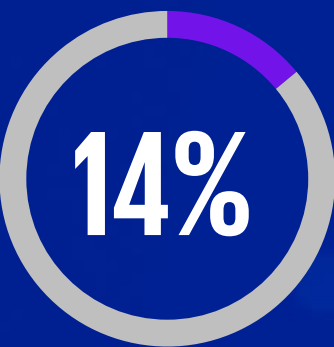


Difficulty scaling use cases and employee skill gaps are **top barriers to demonstrating ROI.**

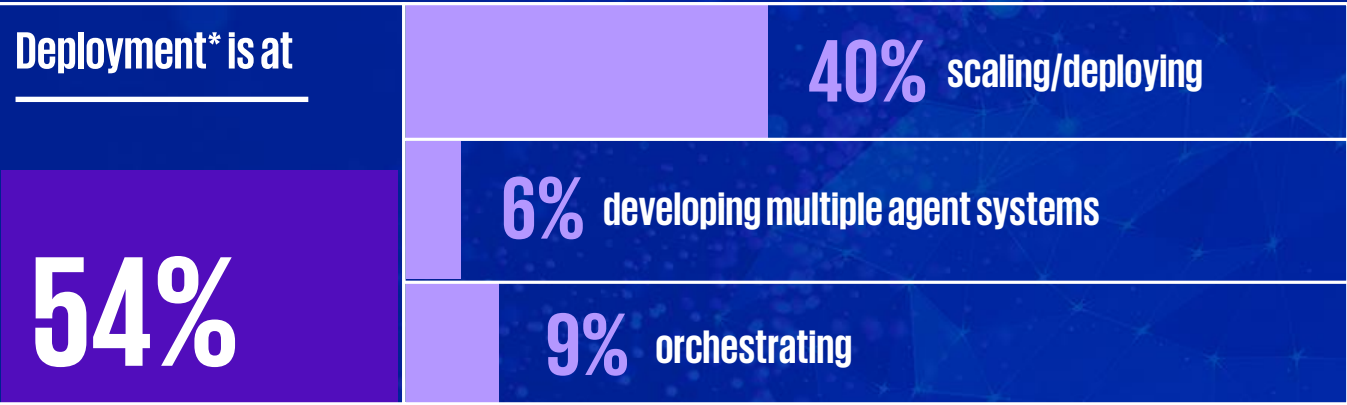
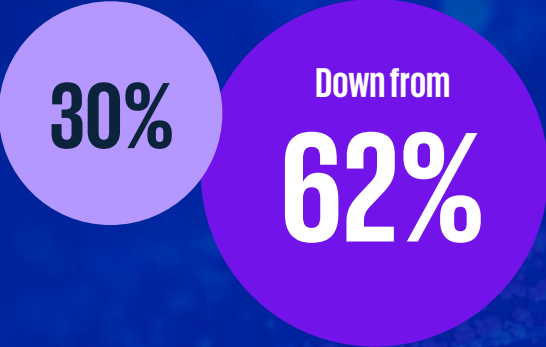


# AI Agent deployment crosses the tipping point

Experimenting at

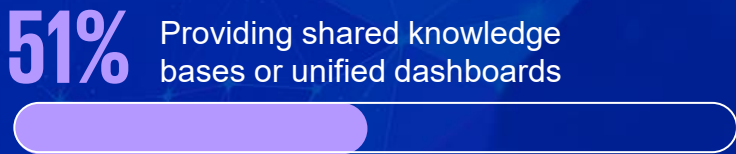
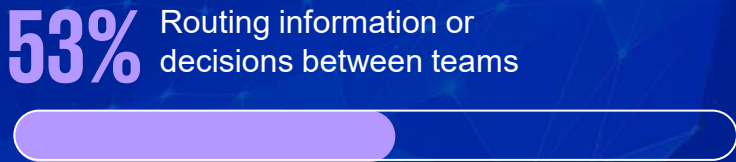
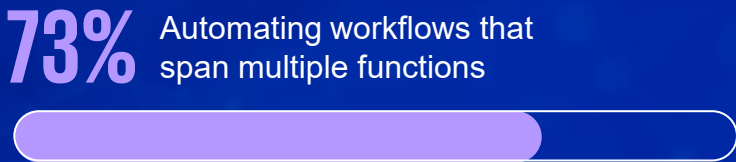


Piloting at



\*Percentages do not equate to 55% due to rounding.

AI agents are facilitating collaboration across functions:



# The great skill reset

Upskilling and reskilling employees, recruiting for new roles, and redesigning job roles are **top strategies** leaders are pursuing to enable an AI workforce:

**87%** Upskilling/reskilling current workforce



**68%** Recruiting for new roles (e.g., AI architects, prompt engineers)



**55%** Redesigning job roles



**39%** Managed services/outsourcing



**17%** Acquihire



**40%**

Up from  
**15%**

Employee resistance dropped quarter over quarter with 40% now saying that employee response varies (some embracing with others resisting).

Another  
**55%**

are seeing slight or significant adoption (employees beginning to accept and integrate agents in their work).

AI agent resistance from employees is largely due to

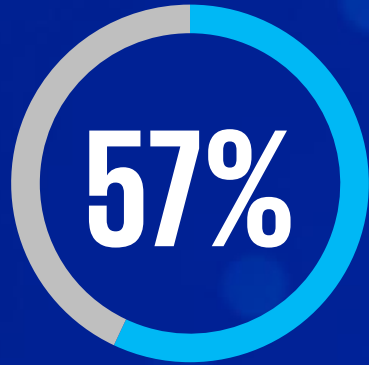
**76%**

skill gaps

**67%**

concerns about job security

# The great skill reset



expect humans to primarily  
manage and direct AI agents in the  
next two to three years.

45%

of leaders are willing to  
pay **11% to 15%**  
more for strong AI skills

22%

about double last  
quarter

83%

Adaptability and  
continuous learning

outweigh

71%

technical or  
programming abilities

as it relates to skills that entry-level  
employees need to work with AI agents.

64%

say agents have already changed  
their approach to entry-level hiring

71%

for experienced hires

# Governance becomes a prerequisite for scale

44%

Up from  
32%

Leaders cite **cyber and employee misuse** as the most difficult society-wide challenge with AI between now and 2030.

**Data security, privacy, and risk concerns** are the top factor influencing AI strategy in the next 6 months for **91% of leaders.**

When it comes to **managing agent risk** in the next 6-12 months:

57%

are taking a **"human-in-the-loop"** approach where a human validates outputs but does not oversee each agentic action or decision.

44%

are looking to **deploy AI agents** developed by trusted tech providers or have identified high-risk use cases where autonomous agent decision-making is not allowed.

43%

are **building controls** into agents, along with clear procedures for monitoring and evaluation; another 43% have **identified high-risk use-cases** where autonomous agent decision-making is not allowed.



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